Habitat plants – Ryde and Hunter's Hill – for the people too!

Edible - local native

Billardiera scandens (Apple berry) fine vine fruit edible raw

Centella asiatica a ground cover 1 leaf chewed per day for treatment of arthritis berries edible raw, leaves useful for weaving

Dianella longifolia as for D caerulea

Dianella revoluta as for D caerulea

Eustrephus latifolius (Wombat berry) vine white pulp of fruit and tuber can be eaten

Lomandra filiformis rush leaf bases can be chewed for refreshment, leaves useful for weaving

Lomandra multiflora as per L filiformis Lomandra longifolia (Mat rush) as per L filiformis

Plantain debilis (Sago weed) herb add boiling water and sugar to seed to make sago like desert

Prostanthera sp. (Native mint bush) herb leaves can be added to cooking for flavouring

Rubus parvifolius (Native raspberry) vine fruit can be eaten raw Rubus rosifolius (Native raspberry) vine fruit can be eaten raw

Trachymene incisa (Wild parsnip) herb taproot can be eaten raw or cooked - sweet & fragrant - 2-3 yrs to

maturity

Xanthorea sp. Grass trees inner white portion can be eaten raw or roasted,

as is slow growing better to pluck out centre leaves and chew bases

Banksia, Grevillea, Melaleuca small tree/shrub/tree blossoms soaked in water produce sweet drink

Edible - Australian native (many available but here are a few suggestions)

Davidsonia pruriens (Davidson's plum) small tree 4-6m, clusters of edible plum like fruit

Microcitrus australasica (Finger lime) small tree to 10 m, thin skinned fruit with delicious pulp

Tetragonia tetragonoides (Warrigal greens or NZ spinach) a ground cover raw in salads or cooked as spinach

For more information contact Bev at IEWF on 0419 206 253 or info@iewf.org